SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Issue / Date of Revision : **January 27, 2026**
Version : **2**

Section 1. Identification

Product Name : Edge Blender
Product Code : ABS-10
Alias Codes ABS10

Product Type : Liquid

Product Use : Automotive Painting by Professionals

Supplier : Bayou Innovations, LLC
38 South Park Drive
Perkinston, Ms 39573

Emergency Telephone Number : 1-800-255-3924 (ChemTel Available 24 hours a day 7 days a week)
Non-Emergency Support : 1-601-928-4143 (Monday-Friday 8:00 am to 5:00 pm CST)

Section 2. Hazards Identification

OSHA / HCS Status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification of the Substance or Mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS – CATEGORY 3
ACUTE TOXICITY – CATEGORY 4 (INHALATION AND DERMAL)
SKIN IRRITATION – CATEGORY 2
EYE IRRITATION – CATEGORY 2A
STOT (RESPIRATORY SYSTEM) - CATEGORY 3
STOT (CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, KIDNEY, LIVER) – CATEGORY 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD – CATEGORY 1

GHS Label Elements
Hazard Pictograms :

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention :
P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response :
P332+P313: If skin irriation occurs get medical advice/attention
P337+P313: If Eye irritation persists get medical attention
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES Rinse Cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove Contact Lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco hol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P311: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P362: Take off contaminated clothing

Storage :
P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal :
P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Supplemental Label Elements :
Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid

contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : Potential peroxide former. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture
Product Name : ABS-10 EDGE BLENDER

General Information:

INGREDIENT	Weight%	CAS#	ACGIH TLV (PPM)	OSHA PEL (PPM)	STEL (PPM)
XYLENES	35-50%	1330-20-7	100	100	150
methyl n-amyl ketone	5-10%	110-43-0	50	100	NE
ETHYL BENZENE	3.5-15%	100-41-4	100	100	150
CUMENE	<1%	98-82-8	50	100	150
Proprietary Additives	<1%	NA	NA	NA	NA

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.
# This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures:

Eye Contact : Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Inhalation : Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin Contact : Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Seek medical advice. Do not induce vomiting unless medical professional instructs you to do so. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Potential Acute and/or delayed Health Effects

Eye Contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause drowsiness,

Skin Contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 5. Firefighting Measures

General Fire Hazards: Flammable liquid and vapor. USE WATER WITH CAUTION. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water.

Extinguishing Media
Suitable Extinguishing Media : Water spray. Carbon Dioxide. Dry chemical. Foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use water jet/stream as it may spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Move containers from the area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water spray till well after fire has been put out. Stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
Carbon Dioxide
Carbon Monoxide
Metal Oxide/Oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters : Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in “For non-emergency personnel”.

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, of if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large Spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling And Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Protective Measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure – obtain special instruction before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not

enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions : Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be store in purpose built containers or in metal containers with tight fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene. : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Do not store above the following temperature: 39C (120F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Control Parameters
Occupational Exposure Limits
Country specific exposure limits have not been established or are not applicable unless listed below.

INGREDIENT	Weight%	CAS#	ACGIH TLV (PPM)	OSHA PEL (PPM)	STEL (PPM)
XYLENES	35-50%	1330-20-7	100	100	150
methyl n-amyl ketone	5-10%	110-43-0	50	100	NE
ETHYL BENZENE	3.5-15%	100-41-4	100	100	150
CUMENE	<1%	98-82-8	50	100	150

Key to Abbreviations

A	=	Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	=	Potential Skin Absorption
ACGIH	=	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	SR	=	Respiratory Sensitization
C	=	Ceiling Limit	SS	=	Skin Sensitization
F	=	Fume	STEL	=	Short Term Exposure Limit Values
IPEL	=	Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	=	Total Dust
OSHA	=	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	TLV	=	Threshold Limit Value
R	=	Respirable	TWA	=	Time Weighted Average
Z	=	OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z – Toxic and Hazardous Substances			

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls: : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye / Face Protection : Chemical splash goggles.

Hand Protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Nitrile Rubber.

Body Protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other Skin Protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 63 FR 1152, January 8, 1998. Respirator type: Airpurifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance		
Physical State	:	Liquid
Color	:	Blue with a Pearlescent Effect
Odor	:	Characteristic Organic Solvent
Odor Threshold	:	0.1 ppm
pH	:	Not available
Freezing Point	:	NA
Boiling Point	:	137C (279F) - 152C (306F)
Flash Point	:	Closed Cup 33C(82F)
Evaporation Rate	:	0.9
Material Supports Combustion	:	Yes
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	505 °C
Decomposition Temperature	:	Unknown
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Flammability Lower Limit	:	1.05%(V)
Flammability Upper Limit	:	9.8% (V)

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical Stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	:	None Known
Conditions to Avoid	:	Heat, sparks, flames.. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible Materials	:	Strong Oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Conclusion / Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation / Corrosion
- **Conclusion / Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- **Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization
- **Conclusion / Summary**
  - **Skin** : Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.
  - **Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity
- **Conclusion / Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity
- **Conclusion / Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself however the following ingredients are suspected carcinogens:

Xylenes---------- IARC 3
Ethylbenzene---------- IARC 2B
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Reproductive Toxicity
- **Conclusion / Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity
- **Conclusion / Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): **May cause drowsiness or dizziness**

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Target Organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, central nervous systems (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, testes.

Aspiration Hazard: **Not classified**

Information on the likely Routes of Exposure

Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause drowisiness or dizziness

Skin Contact : May cause skin dryness and irritation including dermatitis.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastric irritation, stomach cramps and/or vomiting.

Over-Exposure Signs/Symptoms

Eye Contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Pain or Irritation, Watering, Redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Reduced Fetal Weight, Increase in Fetal Deaths, Skeletal Malformations

Skin Contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Irritation, Dryness, Cracking, Reduced Fetal Weight, Increase in Fetal Deaths, Skeletal Malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Reduced Fetal Weight, Increase in Fetal Deaths, Skeletal Malformations

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Delayed and Immediate Effects and also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure

Conclusion / Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irrigation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short Term Exposure

Potential Immediate Effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential Delayed Effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long Term Exposure

Potential Immediate Effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential Delayed Effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposures.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental Effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility Effects	:	Suspected of damaging fertility.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Specified substances:

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Aquatic Plants

Specified substances:

Not Available

Persistance and Degradability

Specified substances:

Not Available

Mobility in Soil:

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Specified substances:

Uknown

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers

unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures.

Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport Hazard Class	3	3	3
Packing Group	III	III	III
Environmental Hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine Pollutant Substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.
Australia Inventory (AICS) : At least one component is not listed.
Canada Inventory (DSL) : At least one component is not listed.
China Inventory (IECSC) : Not determined.
Europe Inventory (REACH) : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Japan Inventory (ENCS) : At least one component is not listed.
Korea Inventory (KECI) : Not determined.
New Zealand (NZIoC) : At least one component is not listed.
Philippines Inventory : At least one component is not listed.

United States

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not Applicable.
Composition/Information on Ingredients : No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire Hazard
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

Section 16. Other Information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 (*) Flammability: 2 Physical Hazards: 1
(*) Chronic Effects

Caution: HMIS ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFG 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS program. HMIS is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 (*) Flammability: 2 Physical Hazards: 1

Date of Previous Issues : 9/11/2014.
Organization that Prepared the SDS : Bayou Innovations
Key to Abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = Logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol") = Marine Pollution)
STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity
UN = United Nations

Indicated information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer:
The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.