

Material Safety Data Sheet – UreKem WBWG Cleaner

Section 1: Identification

Manufacturer: Bayou Innovations, LLC (Owner: UreKem Brand)
Address: 7350 Bayou La Croix Rd
Bay St Louis, Ms 39520
Prepared by: Regulatory Compliance Coordinator
Emergency Phone (24/7): Call ChemTel at 1-800-255-3924 (contract# MIS0007444)
Product: WBWG
D.O.T. Shipping Name: Paint, Flammable Liquids, UN 1263 or Limited Quantity Exception
Revision Date: May 5, 2012



Section 2: Hazardous Ingredients

CODE	INGREDIENT	CAS#	ACGIH TLV (PPM)	OSHA PEL (PPM)	STEL (PPM)	FLASH POINT (TCC/F)	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg)	EMERGENCY PLAN*
19	2-propanol	67-63-0	400	400	500	53	32 @ 20C	NO
33	Ethylene Glycol Butyl Ether	111-76-2	50	50	50	144	0.88 @ 25C	NO

*Where yes indicated this ingredient is subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 per 40 CFR 372

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Health Effects:

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized resulting in headache, dizziness, nausea, difficulty in retaining balance, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged exposure to solvents with permanent brain damage and nervous system damage.

Ingestion:

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or Eye Contact:

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Items listed below and found in this product may also have the following effects:

2-propanol

Dermatitis and respiratory disease may be aggravated by exposure to this item.

Developmental toxicity was seen in rat's offspring at doses that were maternally toxic. Contact will cause moderate to severe redness and swelling, itching, tingling sensation, painful burning. May cause injury to the cornea of the eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: liver. Ingestion studies on laboratory animals showed that very high oral doses caused increased liver and kidney weights.

Ethylene glycol mono-butyl ether

Easily absorbed through skin. Inhaling glycol ethers can result in dermatitis with erythema, edema, and weeping; hyperpigmentation; and photosensitization. Exposure to ethylene glycol monoethyl ether can cause depression of the central nervous system, resulting in headaches, drowsiness, weakness, slurred speech, tremor, and blurred vision. Exposure can result in bone marrow damage, headaches, drowsiness, weakness, slurred speech, tremor, and blurred vision. Exposure to vapors can result in respiratory, nose, throat, and eye irritation. Wear proper PPE at all times.

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Section 4: First Aid Measure

Inhalation:

Move affected people to fresh air immediately. If not breathing give artificial respiration and contact emergency authorities. If symptoms persist or return later contact a physician immediately.

Ingestion:

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician or the poison control hotline immediately and have a lot of all ingredients ready.

Skin or Eye Contact:

In case of eye contact immediately flush with copious amounts of water or a designated eye wash solution for at least 15 minutes and call a physician. In skin contact occurs wash the affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists contact a physician.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: >100F

Flammability Limits: Lower Flammability Limit – 0%
Upper Flammability Limit – 19%

Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂), and/or dry chemical

Fire Fighting Procedures: Full protective equipment equipped with a self contained fresh air breathing apparatus is recommended. Use water from fog nozzles to cool closed containers of these items.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

When this product is exposed to air above its flash point vapors may be present and levels sufficient enough to burn or explode given a proper ignition source. Spray mists of this product may be flammable even below its flash point. Furthermore, closed containers of this product exposed to elevated temperatures may be sensitive to rapid release of pressure on opening or rupture of its container. Use caution when working in areas where containers may appear to be bulging or in areas where the temperature of closed containers exceed 120^oF.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Evacuate non-emergency personnel and isolate the area immediately. Ventilate area and remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. Emergency personnel must be outfitted with eye protection, chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing, and the proper respirator for the material released. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator or hardener (any product containing item 1,2,3, or 4 in section 11) wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C). If the material contains, is mixed with an isocyanate (any product containing item 1,2,3, or 4 in section 11) activator or hardener, or the contents are unknown wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C). Take measures to confine release then cover affected area with dry absorbent. Then, releases containing isocyanate, should be saturated with a solution comprised of 90% water, 5% ammonia solution, and 5% liquid detergent solution and allowed to stand for 15 minutes. Once material has been gathered do not seal container for at least 48 hours to allow CO₂ generated from neutralization to escape. Do not allow material to enter drains or touch soil at any point. Dispose of material according to local regulations.

SECTION 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions to be taken in handling:

VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY OR CAUSE FLASH FIRE. KEEP PRODUCT AND VAPORS AWAY FROM ANY POTENTIAL OR KNOWN IGNITION SOURCES INCLUDING POSSIBLE STATIC DISCHARGE SOURCES. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 120 deg F. When transferring to another container make sure container is properly labeled to identify the hazards of the product. KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN.

Other precautions:

If material has dried to a solid form such as its final form of a coating do not sand, abrasive blast, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, protective eye wear, and gloves.

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SECTION 8. Personal Protection

Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

Respiratory protection:

Do not breathe vapors or mists. A properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) must be used at a minimum. Follow respirator manufacturer’s directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in any area where spray mists or vapor exists.

Eye protection:

Goggles are preferred while handling product to prevent splashes into the eyes or vapors and spray mists from irritating the eyes. If safety glasses are substituted include splash guards or side shields.

Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant gloves and coveralls are recommended when handling or spraying this material.

Section 9: Physical Data

Evaporation Rate:	Slower than ether	Vapor Density:	Heavier than air
Solubility in water:	none to slight	Volatiles by Volume:	100%
Boiling Range:	134 – 350°F	volatiles by weight	100%
Density:	6-15 lbs/gallon	Specific Gravity:	.72-1.8
VOC:	See section 11 for details		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability

When stored in sealed original containers under normal storage conditions properly no known instabilities exist.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Products used above their flash point or spray mist from products are sensitive to static ignition sources and could explode in the presence of a static spark. Bonding and grounding should be used when transferring material.

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): None reasonably foreseeable.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Smoke, and other harmful gases may be liberated on combustion.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: None Known

Section 11: Product List

PRODUCT CODE	HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS (WT%)	FLASH POINT (TCC/F)	NFPA H-F-R	OSHA FLAMM. CLASS	D.O.T PACKING GROUP	REGULATORY VOC (LBS/GAL)	PHOTO-CHEMICAL REACTIVITY	NOTES
WBWG	2-propanol (1-2%), ethylen glycol monobutyl ether (1-2%)	>100F	2-2-0	II	III	0.2 lbs/gal	No	

* - See section 2 and 3 for specific ingredient information and hazards.

A - Subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the emergency planning and right to know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372

B – This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

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Section 12: Regulatory List

TSCA Compliance: All components in these products are either listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt from listing.

Canadian DSL: All components in these products are either listed on the Canadian DSL or below the threshold for registration.

Section 13. Other Information

Acronyms and General Definitions:

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist

ANSI – American National Standards Institute

CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR – Code of Federal Regulations

DOT – Department of Transportation

OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer

NIOSH – National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP – National Toxicology Program

IATA – International Air Transport Association

IMO – International Maritime Organization;

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV – Threshold Limit Value

TWA – Time Weighted Average

TCC – Tag Closed Cup

VOC – Volatile Organic Content

HAPS – Hazardous Air Polluting Solvents;

mg/m³ – milligrams per cubic meter;

mm – millimeters;

PPM – parts per million;

PPT – parts per thousand;

SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act